Whoever is _____ to _____ is better than the mighty, and he who rules his _____ than he who takes a city. (Prov 16:32)

Whoever is slow to anger has great understanding, but he who has a ______ exalts ______ (Prov 14:29)

The Story

The setting (1 Sam 25:1)



- The people involved (25:2-4)
 - ▶ _____ (1 Sam 20:3)
 - Nabal, whose name means _____
 - ▶ _____, Nabal's wife
- David's request (25:5-9)
- Emotions quickly spin out of control (25:10-13)
- Abigail's worthy example (25:14-35)
 - As a wife (Prov 31:12, 25-26)
 - As a discerning woman (Prov 25:11-12, 15, 21-22)

When the Going Gets Tough, Remember...

- Sometimes _____, ____ conflicts arise.
- ♦ As much as is possible, handle individual conflicts ______.
- The role of "_____"
 - Makes one _____ to anger (Prov 19:11)
 - Anger _____ in the heart of fools (Eccl 7:9)
 - A hot temper _____ up strife (Prov 15:18)
 - Wrath tends only to _____ (Psa 37:8)
 - The unrivaled power of a _____ answer (Prov 15:1)
 - Sometimes, the best thing that can happen is to be _____ (Prov 27:6, 9, 17)
 - Foolish scoffers fail to _____ (Prov 1:7; 9:7-8)
- There's a time to act, and a time to be _____ before the Lord, waiting patiently for him (Psa 37:1-11).

